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=> fil reg; d que 13

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:08:59 ON 23 JAN 2003

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Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 22 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 480390-21-4 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 22 JAN 2003 HIGHEST RN 480390-21-4

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH MAY 20, 2002

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

L2 34 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON GUGAAAUUAUCGCCACGUUCGGGC|GCCCGAACGUGG
CGAUAAUUUCAC|CUUCUCUAUUGUCACCGUGGUCCA|UGGACCACGGUGACAAUAGAGAAG|
GGUUCCUUUGACGGUGCGAUGAAG|CUUCAUCGCACCGUCAAAGGAACC/SQSN

L3 8 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L2 AND SQL<100

=> d rn cn kwic nte lc 13 1-8; fil capl; s 13

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 478898-74-7 REGISTRY

CN DNA, d(G-T-G-A-A-T-T-A-T-C-G-C-C-A-C-G-T-T-C-G-G-G-C-A-A) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 26

SEQ 1 gtgaaattat cgccacgttc gggcaa

HITS AT: 1-24

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 288701-14-4 REGISTRY

CN GenBank AX010438 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SOL 24

SEQ 1 ggttcctttg acggtgcgat gaag

HITS AT: 1-24

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

RN 288701-13-3 REGISTRY

CN GenBank AX010437 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

SQL 24

SEQ 1 cttctctatt gtcaccgtgg tcca -----------------HITS AT: 1-24 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* LC STN Files: GENBANK ANSWER 4 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L3 288701-12-2 REGISTRY RN CN GenBank AX010436 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) SQL 24 SEQ 1 gtgaaattat cgccacgttc gggc ----- ------ ------HITS AT: 1-24 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEOLINK\*\* LC STN Files: GENBANK ANSWER 5 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L3250587-71-4 REGISTRY RN CN DNA, d(G-G-T-T-C-C-T-T-T-G-A-C-G-G-T-G-C-G-A-T-G-A-A-G) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: 26: PN: WO9958713 SEQID: 17 claimed DNA CN SQL 24 SEQ 1 ggttcctttg acggtgcgat gaag HITS AT: 1-24 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* L3ANSWER 6 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS RN 250587-70-3 REGISTRY CN DNA, d(C-T-T-C-T-C-T-A-T-T-G-T-C-A-C-C-G-T-G-G-T-C-C-A) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: 25: PN: WO9958713 SEQID: 16 claimed DNA CN SQL **24** SEO 1 cttctctatt gtcaccgtgg tcca HITS AT: 1-24 \*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\* 1.3 ANSWER 7 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS RN 250587-69-0 REGISTRY CN DNA, d(G-T-G-A-A-A-T-T-A-T-C-G-C-C-A-C-G-T-T-C-G-G-G-C) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) OTHER NAMES: 24: PN: WO9958713 SEQID: 15 claimed DNA CN SQL 24 SEQ 1 gtgaaattat cgccacgttc gggc HITS AT: 1-24

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

Page 3

ANSWER 8 OF 8 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS L3

RN 147483-38-3 REGISTRY

CN DNA, d(G-T-G-A-A-A-T-T-A-T-C-G-C-C-A-C-G-T-T-C-G-G-G-C-A-A) (9CI) (CA) INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

Deoxyribonucleic acid, d(G-T-G-A-A-T-T-A-T-C-G-C-C-A-C-G-T-T-C-G-G-G-C-A-

SQL 26

SEO 1 qtqaaattat cqccacqttc qqqcaa 

510 15 +2

HITS AT: 1 - 24

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

LCSTN Files: CA, CAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 23 Jan 2003 VOL 138 ISS 4 FILE LAST UPDATED: 22 Jan 2003 (20030122/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L44 L3

=> d ibib ab hitrn 1-4; fil hom

ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:456919 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:33775

TITLE:

Detection and identification of salmonellas from

poultry-related samples by PCR

AUTHOR(S):

Oliveira, S. D.; Santos, L. R.; Schuch, D. M. T.; Silva, A. B.; Salle, C. T. P.; Canal, C. W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Centro de Diagnostico e Pesquisa em Patologia Aviaria (CDPA), Faculdade de Veterinaria, Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul (UFRGS), Porto Alegre, 91540-000,

Brazil

SOURCE:

Veterinary Microbiology (2002), 87(1), 25-35

CODEN: VMICDQ; ISSN: 0378-1135

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

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LANGUAGE: English
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AB A polymerase chain reaction (PCR) assay was developed for the generic detection of Salmonella sp. and the identification of S. Enteritidis (SE), S. Gallinarum (SG), S. Pullorum (SP) and S. Typhimurium (ST) in material collected in the field from poultry. The specificity and sensitivity of the assay combined with Rappaport-Vassiliadis selective enrichment broth (PCR-RV) were detd., and field samples were analyzed to verify the validity of the method application. Specificity of the assay was tested using 29 SE, 11 SG, 10 ST and 10 SP strains, along with 75 strains of 28other Salmonella serovars and 21 strains of other bacterial genera. assay was 100% specific for Salmonella detection and ST identification. The primer pair for SE, SG and SP also detected S. Berta. PCR detection limits for Salmonella at the genus level were 2 ST, 8 SE, 1.1.times.103 SG and 1.8.times.105 SP cells. At the serovar level, detection limits were 7 ST, 1.2.times.103 SE, 4.4.times.107 SG and 1.8.times.106 SP cells. At the genus level, PCR-RV detected .apprxeq.128% more pos. field samples than the std. microbiol. techniques and results were ready in 48 h instead of 7 days. PCR-RV method is diagnostic of Salmonella at the genus level and ST at the serovar level, although other tests are needed to identify SE, SG and SP to serovar level.

## IT 478898-74-7

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); DGN (Diagnostic use); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (gene invA-specific primer; use of PCR in conjunction with selective enrichment in Rappaport-Vassiliadis broth for detection and identification of Salmonella species in material collected in field from poultry)

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:736979 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:347466

TITLE: Method for detecting microorganisms in pharmaceutical,

cosmetic and food products

INVENTOR(S): Gerbling, Klaus-Peter; Lauter, Frank-Roman; Grohmann,

Lutz

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Bioinside G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.				KIND		DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE				
WO 9958713 WO 9958713						19991118			WO 1999-DE1471				1	19990510			
,,,		AL, DK, KE, MW,	AM, EE, KG, MX, TT,	AT, ES, KP, NO,	AU, FI, KR, NZ,	AZ, GB, KZ, PL,	BA, GD, LC, PT,	BB, GE, LK, RO,	GH, LR, RU,	GM, LS, SD,	HR, LT, SE,	HU, LU, SG,	ID, LV, SI,	CN, IL, MD, SK, KG,	IN, MG, SL,	IS, MK, TJ,	JP, MN, TM,
	RW:	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	MW, GR, GW,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	BE, SE,	CH, BF,	CY, BJ,	DE, CF,	DK, CG,
	DE 19822108				A1 20000203				DE 1998-19822108								
									AU 1999-50260								
ΕP	1082465			A2 20010314				EP 1999-934505				5	19990510				
	R: AT, BE, 2002514439			CH, DE, ES, FR, T2 20020521			GB,	IT, LI, NL, SE, PT JP 2000-548504				19990510					

Page 5

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

DE 1998-19822108 A 19980512 WO 1999-DE1471 W 19990510

The invention relates to a method and a test kit for the economic AΒ detection of microorganisms in non-sterile pharmaceutical, cosmetic and food products in compliance with GMP regulations. Microorganism specific DNA primers and probes are used in PCR with fluorescence labels for fluorometric detection. Combinations of primers and probes are given for the detection of the various microorganisms.

IT 250587-70-3

> RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (Salmonella 5'-FAM and 3'-TAMRA labeled probe; microorganism detection method for pharmaceutical and cosmetic and food products)

TΥ 250587-69-0

> RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (Salmonella PCR forward primer; microorganism detection method for pharmaceutical and cosmetic and food products)

IT 250587-71-4

> RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (Salmonella reverse primer; microorganism detection method for pharmaceutical and cosmetic and food products)

ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:532363 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:103629

TITLE:

Detection of Salmonella gallinarum and S. typhimurium

DNA in experimentally infected chicks by polymerase

chain reaction

AUTHOR(S):

Tuchili, Lawrence M.; Kodama, Hiroshi; Izumoto, Yoko; Mukamoto, Masafumi; Fukata, Tsuneo; Baba, Tsuyoshi

CORPORATE SOURCE:

College Agriculture, University Osaka Prefecture,

Osaka, 593, Japan

SOURCE:

Journal of Veterinary Medical Science (1995), 57(1),

SID 15 +2

59-63

CODEN: JVMSEQ; ISSN: 0916-7250

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

DNA detection with polymerase chain reaction (PCR) as a mean of identifying Salmonella infection in chickens was compared with the conventional culture procedure. DNA was extd. from organs of exptl. infected chicks with either S. gallinarum or S. typhimurium. The pair of primers used were those directed at the InvA gene. Bacteria isolation was done by inoculating the pre-enrichment media with samples. As was expected a 284 bp fragment DNA was amplified from extd. DNA of infected organs by PCR. The results of our studies indicate that the PCR method is more sensitive than the conventional culture procedure since we were able to detect both S. gallinarum and S. typhimurium DNA not only in samples pos. for bacteria isolation but also in neg. samples. It was possible to detect Salmonella DNA in 15 out of 20 organ samples from chicks infected with S. gallinarum 21 h after infection, but, only five were pos. for bacteria isolation. Salmonella DNA was detected throughout the entire test period. The results of this study confirm that PCR is a useful tool for the detection of Salmonella infection in poultry.

ΙT 147483-38-3

> RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(PCR primer; detection of Salmonella gallinarum and S. typhimurium DNA in exptl. infected chicks by polymerase chain reaction)

ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:227530 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:227530

TITLE:

Polynucleotide probes for Salmonella

INVENTOR(S):

Galan, Jorge; Curtiss, Roy Iii

Page 6

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Washington University, USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 62 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

Patent

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT NO.

English

PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE -----WO 9304202 19930304 A1

APPLICATION NO. DATE -----WO 1992-US6984

19920819

SID 15 + 2

W: AU, CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE AU 9225095 19930316 A1 EP 669989 A1 19950906

AU 1992-25095 19920819 EP 1992-918989 19920819

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, SE

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 1991-749447 19910822 WO 1992-US6984 19920819

AB Oligonucleotide .gtoreq.8-mers derived from the S. typhimurium invA, invB, invC, or invD genes (which confer invasiveness) are described (sequences given) for use as universal probes or primers for detection of almost any Salmonella species, strain, or serotype by hybridization assay or PCR. Genes invA, invB, invC, and invD encode proteins of mol. wts. 54, 64, 47, and 30 kDa, resp.; the 1st 3 are members of the operon invABC. The 4 genes were highly conserved in all Salmonella strains tested, except for invABC in S. arizonae, and were absent in other invasive enteric bacteria (Yersinia, Shigella, enteropathogenic Escherichia coli).

147483-38-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(as primer or probe, for Salmonella detection by nucleic acid hybridization or PCR)

> also Win 2058 BP sequence michaeth 287-310 - 5556 MThere 35/-374

=> fil toxcenter; s 13 FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 16:15:18 ON 23 JAN 2003 COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 ACS

SID17 - 550 - 573

FILE COVERS 1907 TO 20 Jan 2003 (20030120/ED)

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TOXCENTER thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2003 vocabulary. See http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/summ2003.html for a description on changes.

L5 1 L3

=> d iall

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:208183 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT: Copyright 2003 ACS DOCUMENT NUMBER: CA13126347466A

TITLE: Method for detecting microorganisms in pharmaceutical, Einsmann 09/700148

Page 7

cosmetic and food products

AUTHOR(S): Gerbling, Klaus-Peter; Lauter, Frank-Roman; Grohmann, Lutz

CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: Bioinside G.m.b.H. PATENT INFORMATION: WO 9958713 A2 18 Nov 1999 SOURCE:

(1999) PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2.

COUNTRY: GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent FILE SEGMENT: CAPLUS

OTHER SOURCE: CAPLUS 1999:736979

LANGUAGE: German

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20011116

Last Updated on STN: 20020509

## ABSTRACT:

The invention relates to a method and a test kit for the economic detection of microorganisms in non-sterile pharmaceutical, cosmetic and food products in compliance with GMP regulations. Microorganism specific DNA primers and probes are used in PCR with fluorescence labels for fluorometric detection. Combinations of primers and probes are given for the detection of the various microorganisms.

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 3-1

SUPPLEMENTARY TERMS: Miscellaneous Descriptors

microorganism contamination food drug cosmetics PCR

fluorometry DNA sequences

REGISTRY NUMBER: 180310-17-2 (DNA (bacterium 16S rRNA gene fragment))

250588-29-5 (DNA (Salmonella inv A gene fragment))

REGISTRY NUMBER: 250579-32-9; 250579-31-8; 250587-72-5; 250587-89-4;

250588-07-9; 250588-10-4; 250588-08-0; 250588-09-1; 250588-14-8; 250588-05-7; 250588-06-8; 250587-67-8;

250587-66-7; 250587-80-5; 250588-00-2; 250587-99-6;

250587-68-9; 250587-81-6; 250587-98-5; 250587-64-5; 250587-63-4; 250587-78-1; 250587-96-3; 250587-95-2;

250587-97-4; 250587-65-6; 250587-79-2; **250587-70-3** 

; **250587-69-0**; 250588-01-3; 250587-74-7;

250587-75-8; 250588-02-4; 250587-71-4;

250587-61-2; 250587-54-3; 250587-77-0; 250587-92-9;

250587-93-0; 250587-62-3; 250587-76-9; 250587-94-1; 250588-04-6; 76823-03-5; 120718-52-7; 250588-15-9;

250588-16-0; 250588-19-3; 250587-91-8; 250588-03-5

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:15:36 ON 23 JAN 2003